JULY. 1783. THE NUMB. 2772.

PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 30, 1783.

Juſt publiſhed, and to be SOLD by
David C. Claypoole, Francis Bailey, Robert Aitken, and *Hall* and *Sellers*,

An INQUIRY

Concerning the FUTURE STATE of thoſe who die in their SINS:
Wherein the Dictates of Scripture and Reaſon, upon this important Subject, are carefully conſidered:
And whether ENDLESS PUNISHMENT be conſiſtent with Divine Juſtice, Wiſdom and Goodneſs:
In which alſo OBJECTIONS are ſtated and anſwered.
By *SAMUEL HOPKINS*, A. M.
Paſtor of the firſt Congregational Church in *Newport*.

O, that they were Wiſe, that they underſtood this,
That they would conſider their latter End!
JEHOVAH.

To be LETT or SOLD,

A CONVENIENT BREWERY, MALT-HOUSE and DWLLING HOUSE, ſituate at the corner of Fourth and Race-ſtreets, in Philadelphia, now in the tenure of Francis Wade. The dwelling-houſe is three ſtoried, having two kitchens and ſufficient cellar room; which, in caſe of a partnerſhip, would very well accommodate two families. The brewery is built upon the neweſt conſtruction, works two coppers, and has a ſpacious cellar for fermenting and tonning of beer which, communicating with a ſtock vault under the whole of the malt-houſe (deſigned for keeping of liquors) renders the works throughout better adapted for carrying on of buſineſs largely, with few hands, than moſt in the place.

As the preſent tenant is to leave the premiſes by the 8th of next month, it is preſumed thoſe whom it may ſuit, will apply in time, to prevent as little loſs as may be, of the next brewing ſeaſon. For terms and further particulars enquire in Market-ſtreet, between Fifth and Sixth-ſtreets, of

July 26, 1783. ¶ 3 m. THOMAS MOORE.

Juſt publiſhed, and now ſelling at

BELL's BOOK-STORE,

Near St. Paul's Church, Third-ſtreet. Philadelphia.
Price Two Thirds of a Dollar.

New Travels through *North-America:*

IN A SERIES OF LETTERS;
Exhibiting the Hiſtory of the Victorious Campaign of the allied Armies, under his Excellency General WASHINGTON and the Count de ROCHAMBEAU, in the Year 1781.
Interſperſed with political and philoſophical Obſervations, upon the Genius, Temper and Cuſtoms of the AMERICANS; Alſo, Narrations of the Capture of General BURGOYNE and Lord CORNWALLIS, with their ARMIES: And a Variety of intereſting Particulars, which occured in the Courſe of the
WAR IN AMERICA.
TRANSLATED from the Original of the Abbé ROBIN; one of the Chaplains to the French Army in America.
N. B. A conſiderable Variety of the neweſt PUBLICATIONS in Hiſtory, Travels, Voyages, Novels, Arts, Sciences and Entertainment; With Latin and Engliſh Claſſics; Alſo Books in all Languages; May be had at ſaid BELL's BOOK STORE. †

TO BE SOLD,

At the Coffee-houſe, on the 19th day of Auguſt next, at five o'clock in the evening, in purſuance of the laſt will and teſtament of Walter Goodman, late of Philadelphia, deceaſed,

No. 1. A CERTAIN PLANTATION in the Northern Liberties of the city of Philadelphia, containing about 88 acres with a dwelling houſe, barn and milk-houſe, within three miles of the city, bounded on the road from thence to Germantown; has on it an orchard of choice fruit trees, a good quantity of meadow and woodland; the whole well watered, and may be entered on the 25th of March next.

No. 2. The wharff and ſtores well known by the name of Goodman's wharff, above Race or Saſſafras-ſtreet, about 123 feet on Water-ſtreet, and extending that breadth into the river, and may be entered on the 2d of April next.

No. 3. About 93 feet bank lot, with two dwelling-houſes and other buildings erected thereon, oppoſite to the above, and may be entered on the 25th of March next.

No. 4. The old well known tavern at the north-eaſt corner of Cheſtnut, Front and Water-ſtreets, 20 feet front on Front and Water-ſtreets, about feet on Cheſtnut-ſtreet, may be entered on the 1ſt of January next.

No. 5. About 10 acres of excellent paſture or mowable ground, on Hickory and Poplar Lanes, well watered and about one mile from the city, which will be divided in ſmaller lots, and may be entered on the 1ſt of January next.

No. 6. Two three ſtory houſes and lots in Front-ſtreet, about 29 feet front each, and the lots 202 feet deep, oppoſite to the City Vendue, now in the tenure of Sarah Goodman and Mary Foulke, and may be entered on the 1ſt of Auguſt, 1784.

Plans of the premiſes may be ſeen at the Coffee-houſe, and will likewiſe be ſhewn by William Parr, at Lancaſter, and Abel James, at Mary Foulke's, of whom further information may be had, by ſuch who incline to purchaſe. Good titles will be made to the purchaſers.

SARAH GOODMAN, Executrix
ABEL JAMES, } Executors.
WILLIAM PARR, }

‡

To the PUBLIC.

WHEREAS JOSEPH ELLIOT, now of Kingſeſſing, in the county of Philadelphia, having (about a year ſince) abſented from his wife and five ſmall children, in the county of Cumberland, and ſtate of New-Jerſey; in conſequence of his elopement, his creditors ſeized and ſold his effects, leaving me and my children inexpreſſibly to ſuffer, and feel the dire effects of his cruelty; and on being made acquainted, I went with my youngeſt child at my breaſt to my huſband about a month ſince; but alas! he being loſt to every ſentiment of honour, diſcretion and human feelings, beat me unmerciſully, telling me he intended immediate marriage to the widow of Peter Hanbeſt (with her he now dwells, and it is ſuppoſed criminally correſponds:) Theſe may inform the above named and deſcribed parties, that if they marry each other, a proſecution for bigamy will be the reſult; and all miniſters, magiſtrates, &c. are requeſted to govern themſelves accordingly, by me

July 19. ELIZABETH ELLIOT.

For SALE by PUBLIC VENDUE,

FOUR LOTS of GROUND, on Fifth-ſtreet, near Arch-ſtreet, one 20 feet front by 48 feet deep, on which is erected a good two ſtory frame tenement, which now letts for One Hundred Dollars per annum. One adjoining, 20 feet front by 48 feet deep, under a leaſe for five years----theſe two lots are each ſubject to a ground-rent of Two Pounds and Four Shillings currency per annum. One adjoining, 20 feet front by 100 feet deep, on which is erected a frame tenement; and one adjoining, 20 feet front by 100 feet deep, on which is alſo erected a frame tenement. This lot adjoins the houſe and lot of Samuel Clarke. The two laſt mentioned lots are free from ground-rent. The ſale to be held at the Coffee-houſe at 12 o'clock, on Fourth day, the 30th of the preſent month. ¶

Philadelphia, July 22, 1783.

To be SOLD by Public Vendue,

At the Coffee-houſe, on Thurſday, the 31ſt day of this inſtant, at 11 o'clock in the morning, the following Lots of Ground, ſituate in Kenſington, in the townſhip of the Northern Liberties, viz.

ONE Lot, containing in breadth on the ſouth ſide of Weſt-ſtreet, 145 feet, and in length on the weſt ſide of Palmer-ſtreet, 264 feet; bounded northward by Weſt-ſtreet, eaſtward by Palmer-ſtreet, ſouthward by ground of Jacob Cooper, and weſtward by ground late of John Ogborn, deceaſed.

One other LOT, containing in breadth on the ſouthweſt ſide of Wood-ſtreet, 100 feet, and in length 155 feet; bounded north-eaſtwardly by Wood-ſtreet, ſouth-eaſtwardly by ground of Joſeph Cornelius, ſouth-weſtwardly by ground late of John Ogborn, deceaſed, and north-weſterly by ground of William Shippen, ſen.

One other LOT, containing in breadth on the north eaſt ſide of Vienna-ſtreet 50 feet, and in length 142 feet, bounded on the ſouth weſt by Vienna-ſtreet, on the north weſt by a lot of Adam Operman, on the north eaſt by the lot next hereinafter deſcribed, and on the ſouth eaſt by ground of Thomas Shillingsforth.

And one other lot, containing in breadth on the ſouth weſt ſide of Wood-ſtreet, 150 feet, and in length 142 feet, bounded on the north eaſt by Wood-ſtreet, on the ſouth eaſt by ground of William Shippen, ſenior, on the ſouth weſt by the lots of Adam Operman, and Sebaſtian Hoffman, and on the north weſt by Thomas Vaughan's lot.

The purchaſe money to be paid upon executing the deeds, and an indiſputable title will be given to the purchaſers.

¶ JOHN BAYARD, Auctioneer.

To be SOLD at public Vendue,

ON FRIDAY, the firſt day of Auguſt,

THAT old noted TAVERN, known by the name of the TRAP TAVERN, ſituate in Providence townſhip, 26 miles from Philadelphia, with a good Tract of Land, containing 153 acres, 50 acres of good meadow, and a ſufficient quantity of good timber thereunto belonging, with a good apple orchard, &c. there is alſo a good griſt-mill on ſaid premiſes, with two pair of ſtones, and three bolting-cloths fit for merchant works, with a clever little ſtream of ſpring water.

There is alſo another Tract of Land adjoining thereunto, containing 108 acres of land, a clever quantity of meadow and timber, alſo a good apple orchard, with the noted tavern thereon, known by the name of Mr. Peterman's Tavern.

Alſo 72 acres of good Land, with good meadow and timber, between both tracts, that will either be ſold ſeparate, or divided to both places, as it may ſuit the purchaſers.

At the ſame time and place will be ſold, horſes, and gears for 8 or 10 horſes, colts, two good waggons, cows, heifers, ſheep, ſwine, ſeveral good beds &c. hay by the ton, oats in the ſheaf, and many other articles too tedious to mention.

The conditions to be made known on the day of ſale, by

July 14. 1783. § JOHN RIDT.

SIX DOLLARS Reward.

STOLEN out of the paſture of the ſubſcriber, in Charleſtown townſhip, Cheſter county, the night of the 8th inſt. a black MARE, round made, in good order, about 14 hands high, looks as if with foal, 10 years old, a ſtar in her forehead, ſome white on one of her hind feet, ſeveral ſaddle ſpots, a film on her off eye, her mane hangs all on the near ſide, a natural pacer, but if drove paſt a travel ſhifts, low carriage, not a pleaſant hackney, but very good in the gears, is very dextrous in ſlipping or breaking the bridle when hitched. Whoever brings ſaid mare to the ſubſcriber, and ſecures the thief, ſo that he be brought to conviction, ſhall have the above reward, paid by

July 10. 1783. § PATRICK ANDERSON.

Fauquier county, State of Virginia, J , 1, 1783.

THIRTY DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away laſt night from the ſubſcribers, three NEGROE MEN, viz. one named JACOB, about 25 years old, a ſhort well made fellow, conſiderably bow legged; had on, when he went away, a coarſe homeſpun ſhirt and trowſers, and a ſhort homeſpun grey cloth coat. One named JAMES, about 20 years old, a ſhort light made fellow, ſpeaks broken Engliſh; had on about the ſame ſort of cloaths of the other, and run from the ſame houſe. The other named PRINCE, about 25 years old, a light made fellow, about 5 feet 7 inches high, a ſimple talkative fellow; had on about the ſame ſort of cloaths of the others. Whoever will deliver ſaid Negroes to their maſters, or put them in any goal, ſo that they may have them again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges paid by

¶ JAMES and WILLIAM BRYAN.

N. B. All maſters of veſſels and others are deſired not to harbour or take them away at their peril.

WAS committed to the Goal of Cumberland County, New-Jerſey, the 10th inſtant, two negroe fellows, one named DICK, 26 years of age, 5 feet 8 inches high, lent home three weeks ago; had on when committed, a white jacket, homeſpun ſhirt, corded breeches, old ſtockings, no ſhoes; and ſays he belongs to Robert Right, near Church-Hill, Queen Ann's County, in the State of Maryland. The other named TOM, 23 years of age, 5 feet 8 inches high; had on when committed, a homeſpun linnen coat, cotton breeches, cotton ſtockings, good ſhoes, wool hat; and ſays he belongs to Matthew Tilghman, Eſq; and run away from his overſeer, William Lard, in Queen Ann's County, near the head of Cheſter, in the State of Maryland. This is to acquaint their maſters, that if they do not come in Two Months from the date hereof, they will be ſold to pay the charges. THOMAS ELLIT ALLEN, Goaler.

July 16, 1783. ¶

To be SOLD by public SALE,

On Monday, the 25th day of Auguſt next, at twelve o'clock at noon, at the houſe of George Voght, innkeeper, in Oley townſhip, Berks county,

TWO full equal and undivided third parts of the Forge and Furnace Lands, known by the name of LESHER's FURNACE, with the forge and improvements, and alſo ſundry other tracts of land belonging to the ſubſcriber, ſituate in and near Oley townſhip aforeſaid. A plan or draught of the ſeveral tracts and premiſes may be ſeen at the houſe of George Voght aforeſaid. And the ſubſcriber would be glad that Meſſrs. James Old and others, who were lately appointed auditors to value John Roſs's one third of the ſaid forge lands, and valued it ſo high, would be pleaſed to give their attendance, and aſſiſt to raiſe the price of the premiſes at the ſale aforeſaid and by a more candid and cloſe inſpection diſcover that in the valuation they have ſo made, they have included lands which do not belong to the forge and company, but were purchaſed by and are the ſole and private property and eſtate of JOHN LESHER.

N. B. Several mills all new built up. The conditions will be made known at the time and place of ſale. ¶

Cumberland county, State of New Jerſey, June 23, 1783.

WHEREAS the houſe of the ſubſcriber was plundered by the enemy, on the 21ſt day of Auguſt, 1781, among other things there was taken a judgment bond upon Hugh Steel, of New-Caſtle county, in the Delaware State, dated July 27, 1776, conditioned for the payment of Seventy five Pounds; and one other judgment bond upon William Wilſon, Kent county, Delaware State, dated Auguſt 4, 1776, conditioned for the payment of One Hundred and Fifty Pounds. If any perſon or perſons will deliver me the aforeſaid bonds, or either of them, ſhall be entitled to one fourth part of them, or either of them. All perſons are hereby forbid taking any aſſignments on the aforeſaid bonds, by ¶ CHARLES ALLEN.

To the Free and Independent ELECTORS of the City, the Liberties, and County of PHILADELPHIA.

GENTLEMEN,

AS the preſent Sheriff's time of office will expire at the enſuing election, being encouraged by a great number of you, my fellow inhabitants of the city, liberties, and county aforeſaid, I beg leave to offer myſelf a Candidate at the ſaid election, to ſucceed him as Sheriff. Should you think me worthy of your votes and intereſt (which are hereby moſt reſpectfully ſolicited) you may reſt aſſured of the ſtricteſt attention to the duties of the office, as well as of the moſt grateful remembrance of the favour, by, Gentlemen,

Your moſt obedient, and moſt humble ſervant,

June 21, 1783. JOSEPH COWPERTHWAIT.

To the FREEMEN, ELECTORS in the City, Liberties and County of PHILADELPHIA.

GENTLEMEN,

HAVING ſerved as a Military Officer in the Continental Army during the war, I ſhall in a few weeks retire from the field of victory into the boſom of peace and to the character of a private citizen. And being encouraged by a great number of my fellow inhabitants, to offer myſelf a candidate for the SHERIFF's OFFICE, I do moſt earneſtly ſolicit your votes and intereſt at the enſuing Election, which, ſhould I be ſo happy as to obtain, it will enable me to look back with pleaſure on the dangers of the field and the hardſhips of the camp.

I am, with every ſentiment of reſpect and eſteem,
GENTLEMEN,
Your moſt obedient and very humble ſervant,
ANDREW PORTER, Lt. Colonel,
Commandant Pennſylvania Regiment of Artillery.

Philadelphia, July 17. 1783.

To the reſpectable FREEMEN, ELECTORS in the city and county of PHILADELPHIA.

GENTLEMEN,

THE particular honor you have conferred on me, by placing me on the return with the preſent Sheriff at the late election, lays me under the ſincereſt obligations, and induces me to take the liberty to intreat the favour of your further ſuffrages and intereſt, in confirming me in ſaid office the enſuing election in October, as it ſhall be my conſtant ſtudy to merit your approbation, while I have the pleaſure of being the public's obedient, humble ſervant, THOMAS PROCTER.

For CHARLES-TOWN,

South-Carolina,
The Brigantine Charles-Town Packet,
WILLIAM ALLIBONE, Maſter,
NOW lying at SIMS's Wharff, between Market and Cheſnut-ſtreets, and will ſail in 15 Days.

For FREIGHT or PASSAGE, apply to FRANCIS GURNEY and Co. JOHN PATTON, or ſaid Maſter on Board.

She is a new Veſſel, fitted with extraordinary Accommodations for Paſſengers, and intended to be continued in that Trade, by which Means, Gentlemen, ſhipping that Way, will have a regular Opportunity for getting back their Remittances.

Philadelphia, July 18, 1783.

For LONDON,

The Brigantine MILDRED,
WILLIAM FROST, Maſter,
Now lying at *Carſon* or *Bickley's* Wharff, has good Accommodations for Paſſengers, and will ſail with all convenient Expedition.

For FREIGHT or PASSAGE, apply to JOHN FIELD, in Cheſnut-ſtreet, JOHN THOMPSON, in Water-ſtreet, or the ſaid Maſter on Board.

Said FIELD and THOMPSON have for SALE, at their reſpective Stores, A large and general Aſſortment of

European and *Eaſt-India* GOODS,

Imported in the ſaid Brigantine and other Veſſels lately from Europe, amongſt which are---

LONDON STEEL,	Cheeſe,
Tea Kettles,	Hogs Briſtles,
Frying Pans,	Red Port Wine,
Iron Skillets,	Weſton's Snuff,
Red Lead,	Iron Wire,
Sallad Oyl,	Tin Plates.
Porter in Hampers,	

The PARTNERSHIP of FIELD and THOMPSON having expired ſome Months paſt; thoſe Perſons who are indebted to them, are deſired to pay their reſpective Ballances. ‡ 6 w.

CHARLES-TOWN, WEDNESDAY, *June* 11.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

Agreeable to the request of the Grand Jury, ORDERED, That the Charge of his Honor Judge Burke, delivered to the Grand Jury, be published. *By order of the Court,*

THOMAS HALL, C. C. S.

The CHARGE to the Grand Jury.

Gentlemen of the Grand Jury,

IT is going on four years since we enjoyed the privilege of meeting each other in the Court of Sessions, and we now offer you our warmest congratulations, that the bitter calamities through which you passed during that period are, by the blessings of Heaven, at an end; that happy peace is once more returned; our country in its independence, and holding dignity among nations. As we are at length redeemed from the misfortunes of a desperate contest, into this State of liberty, it should be the wish and endeavour of every good man to settle the peace of the country, and regulate the internal police of it as soon as possible, in order that law and justice may go forth, the animosity and confusion of the times be terminated, and that union and harmony take place among our fellow citizens.

If we for a moment look around, and survey the conspicuous eminence on which we stand, we shall see every reason to glorify the Great Legislator of the universe, and also the necessity of establishing in our young republic order and tranquility. We afford a spectacle more singular and honorable, than was ever before displayed on the theatre of this world: A nation whose citizens live under a form of government, the work of their own hands, constituted peaceably and deliberately by a *social compact*, far remote from that violence, or treachery, or cabal, to which most governments in the old world may claim kin, or trace their origin. A felicity so glorious as this is hath not been hitherto found, but in the fine descriptions which poets and philosophers have pourtrayed, in their fond zeal and wishes for the happiness of human nature. Our new republic is beginning the world, and launching into the immense ocean of future time, blessed with peace and serenity; our own happiness, and that of generations unborn given in charge to us; a distinction, a trust this, awfully great, and which must excite in every human creature, who interests his heart in the welfare of his kind, a reverential concern mixed with glowing, pious wishes for our welfare.

Thus far we differ from any nation that hath gone before us. We differ also from the rest of the world in another respect, and through which the settlement of the country will be an easy task, if we are only prudent. In Europe, after a war, foreign or domestic, and peace restored, the contending parties, the offended and offending, live in vicinity, and this not only keeps alive the memory of old wrongs, but gives occasion to new ones, so that a treaty of peace does not always there produce real peace and tranquility. But we are circumstanced quite otherwise; our late enemy resides at the distance of 3000 miles from us, and nearer we have no foes, unless we ourselves should make them by our internal dissensions.

But notwithstanding these transcendent advantages, and tho' the prospect before us is agreeable and serene, yet our republic has no small damage to repair, so much hath it been shattered by the storm we have lately weathered. Its fury was so great, and raged so long, in the military turbulent life we were forced upon, nor laws nor civil government could prevail; their voice was sunk amongst the din of arms, and the people, of course, lost that respect for both, which is so necessary for the peace of society. Many of our citizens constantly in the field going on eight years; all of us under arms by turns; so that now as a society we have reason to apprehend, that, altho' a life of warfare favours the higher passions, ambition, a love of country and of friends, and inspires a contempt of toils and death, yet it begets also a contempt for laws and civil order, a love of pleasure and dissipation, and in some degree unhinges the mind from principles of religion and morality. These effects may for some time stand in the way to the restoring of good government, without the vigilance of Grand Juries, and the example of good men.

But a much greater difficulty lies to be removed, before the current of law and justice can flow with energy and force throughout the State; I mean the spirit of private revenge, and private assassination, which has gone forth among our citizens. The history of the human mind affords not perhaps a greater singularity, than the revolution which the insults and barbarities of the British commanders produced in the temper of a people, whose character and spirit is liberal and humane, and posterity will not be able to form a better idea of their conduct, than by considering that it roused in the sufferers, or their friends, such a distempered fury for retaliation, as once to threaten the extermination of our settlements; for the civil wars of Europe produce few or no examples of the like. It is not my wish to dwell on the subject; but I cannot quit it without observing, that the measures pursued by the enemy while they had any hopes of succeeding, the reverse of fortune which followed, and the condition in which they, and their adherents are now involved, should be held out to the world as a lesson to warn mankind, how they perpetrate in the hour of success deeds of hard-hearted inhumanity and oppression.

But altho' that boisterous tempest of the passions is now repressed, and every thing round us seems tranquil and quiet, yet we fear that, without a forceable exertion of the judicial authority, the high temper of men will for some time, like the waves of the sea after the storm hath ceased, continue to move with mischievous tumult and impetuosity. And if we mean to be happy under the protection of laws, the whole power of government, if necessary, must be put forth to reduce the passions of men to pay obedience to their authority. Our citizens, from a habit of putting their enemies to death, have reconciled their minds to the killing of each other; and it is too true, I fear, that man, by custom, may be so brutalised, as to relish human blood the more he hath shed of it. Not to mention the many assassinations in the country, no less than four men have been slain in Charlestown since we regained it. We see men libel and assault each other, in the very face and defiance of the Magistrates; and if such licentiousness be not prevented by you, gentlemen, and punished in an exemplary manner by the Court of Sessions, the State would soon be filled with discord and animosity, our laws rendered impotent, and daily trampled on, not only by our own citizens, but by the subjects of foreign nations, who, from hopes of impunity, will indulge their national antipathies, and disturb the peace of the republic, which ought to give security to sojourners as well as citizens.

Whoever considers how fatally, after civil troubles, the spirit of private revenge directs the conduct of men, and that this has a direct tendency to create disorder and anarchy, he, I say, will not think my remarks on the subject foreign to my duty. *Private revenge* may be truly called *the demon of civil discord*, and should be banished the land, as if it were a pestilence. It has filled every corner of the old world, at one time or another, with scenes of sorrow: Kinsfolk through it have failed, and friends forgot each other; and with such mournful bitterness does it sharpen the spirits of men against one another, that, while governed by its baneful influence, they will trample on every gentle affection which nature implanted in us, to bless mankind, and keep society together. This retaliating spirit, more perhaps than any other cause, would beget in our present situation factions and parties: And it should be suppressed, were it for no other reason, than to frustrate the wishes of such as eye with malignity our rising greatness. It would yield to them a balm that would assuage the smart of disappointment, to behold, though they could not conquer us, they had succeeded in setting us together by the ears, and mixing in our State the poisonous leaven of civil discord, they had thereby embittered, beyond our power of tasting and enjoyment, that liberty, whereof by force of arms they could not bereave us. If we should not now sit down in tranquility, and find rest unto our souls; if we should, instead of this, continue the paltry, wretched policy of worrying each other by mutual hatred, and mutual revenge, and keep up the distinction of whig and tory, when the cause of it is done away; such conduct on our part, I say, would branch out into consequences, the mischiefs of which no human wisdom can foresee. It would be, not merely a dishonour to the revolution; nature herself would share in the reproach of it; as we should then afford a clearer evidence of the wretchedness and depravity she entailed upon us, than the whole story of human miseries and corruptions put together. Our children too would have penitentially to regret, that their fathers had conquered their enemies and gained renown, not for the sake of restoring peace and liberty to their country, but first to gratify their own silly passions, and then open a scene for the ambition of such men, as, in every republic, *watch the troubling of the waters*, or who would make use of our internal faction and parties as a cover to entrench themselves, and, in the height of the confusion, undermine and work through those batteries of law and constitution, which we have been raising at the cost of so much blood and toils, to guard us against the encroachments of dangerous influence or arbitrary power.

Let me therefore, gentlemen of the Grand Jury, conjure you, that in your public and private capacity you exert yourselves to crush all violence and licentiousness; in order that our republic be established in justice and righteousness; that our country, its laws and constitution, be held in that sacred love and veneration becoming good men and republicans; that burying in oblivion past injuries and past errors, a disposition of benevolence may go out through the land, and connect our citizens in ties of harmony and common brotherhood; and lastly, that under the smiles of heaven, each of you may reap the blessings so emphatically expressed in the words of holy writ; "That it may be "well with thee, and thy children after thee; and that thou "mayst prolong thy days in the land which the Lord thy God "giveth thee."

[The rest of the charge, as it relates only to the business of the Grand Jury, the Judge thought needless to insert.]

July 5. Yesterday, the 4th of July, afforded a spectacle equally awful and grand. The inhabitants of the whole continent of America eagerly devoted in commemorating the anniversary of the greatest revolution that ever took place---the expulsion of tyranny and slavery, and the introduction of freedom, happiness and independency, throughout the greatest continent in the world. We may venture to say, the people of South-Carolina were not behind their brethren in the sister States in demonstrating the happiness they feel, from the full completion of the grand work of Independence. The morning was not ushered in with the ringing of bells, for, amongst other property wantonly and wickedly taken away by the British, these made a part; but the glowing and happy countenances of our patriot citizens, and patriot soldiers, arising from a conscious dignity derived from perfect freedom (and that freedom the purchase of their own valour) gladdened in the day, which, as if Heaven smiled propitiously on it, was rendered very fine by a cool easterly breeze.

At half past nine, the Militia, and a detachment of the Continental Artillery with field-pieces, and a band of music, colours, &c. paraded in Meeting-street, and then took their station in Broad-street, for the purpose of receiving his Excellency the Governor, who, with the Privy Council, Major General Greene, General Gist, all the civil officers of the State, and a number of officers of the army, assembled at the house of the Hon. William Hazel Gibbes, Esq; from which, about eleven, they proceeded in the following order: His Excellency the Governor, preceded by the Sheriff with the Sword of State; the Messenger of the Council bearing a Tipstaff; Major General Greene, General Gist, the Privy Council, and the officers of the State, &c. walked in front of the Artillery and Militia, who received the procession with presented arms; the officers saluting his Excellency as he passed along the line---a feu de joye was then fired, after which his Excellency, attended by the above, and other gentlemen, retired to his own house, where the company were regaled with a very elegant cold collation.

About three o'clock a most numerous company assembled at the State-house, for the purpose of dining with the Governor, amongst whom were the above gentlemen, many of the members of both Houses, and most of the officers of the Southern army and of the Militia. The dinner, which was elegant and plentiful, and the liquors remarkably good, were served up about four; after which the following toasts were given:

1. The United States of America.---Artillery firing 13 rounds, music playing, God save the Thirteen States.

2. May this State be as wise, happy and great, as free, sovereign and independent. Artillery 13, The band playing.

3. The Congress. Artillery 13, the band playing, Jove in his Chair.

4. Our generous and illustrious Ally, His Most Christian Majesty. Artillery 13, the band playing, the King of France's guard march.

(It must have afforded uncommon pleasure to the numerous French gentlemen present, several of whom have distinguished themselves in our service, to observe the singularly marking manner in which the name of this illustrious Prince was received.---No temptations of England, however great, will ever seduce the affection of America from France. Her attachment to that nation will grow, in proportion as leisure permits her to reflect on the glorious, generous, and disinterested part she has acted in forwarding her emancipation.)

5. The United Provinces of Holland. Artillery 13, the band playing.

6. His Excellency General Washington and the Army, thanks to them, and may they be enabled to retire with satisfaction from the field of victory and glory they have gained with a bravery, perseverance, and patriotic virtue, unparalleled in any history extant. Artillery 13, the band playing, The Hero comes.

7. Our ministers abroad. Artillery 13, the band playing.

8. With agriculture, commerce and liberty, may morality, learning and science flourish. Artillery 13, band playing.

9. May we profit by the errors of those nations who have experienced the effects of ambition, vain glory, tyranny, deceit and treachery. Artillery 13, the band playing.

10. May candor, truth, good faith, justice, honor and benevolence, ever be the characteristics of the United States of America. Artillery 13, band playing.

11. May there be no strife among the United States, saving that of excelling each other in a wise policy. Artillery 13, band playing.

12. This glorious day, by which we secured, among the powers of the earth, the separate and equal station, to which the laws of nature and of nature's God entitle us. Artillery 13, band playing.

13. A lasting and happy peace, and to the memory of our patriotic brethren, who greatly fell in obtaining it, by sea or land. Artillery firing 13 minute guns, the band playing a very solemn dirge, for the space of 13 minutes.

A number of other excellent toasts, were given, among them the two following:

The supporters of liberty and the rights of mankind, throughout the world.

May the harmony of the day be not interrupted with quarrels, tumult or licentiousness.

At night a grand display of fire-works was exhibited at the 'Change, under the direction of Col. Senf, in the front of which were placed several emblematical devices, with pertinent inscriptions; the execution of the whole did honour to the taste of the Colonel, and gave great satisfaction to the spectators.

The city was grandly illuminated, and the day ended with great happiness and pleasure, no accident having happened. It should be mentioned, to the credit of the Fire-masters, that, to prevent any danger from fire, all the engines were ordered out, and placed in different parts of the town.

A MEDICINAL and DRUG STORE,

Is just opened in the Borough of LANCASTER, by

Doctor JACOB RIEGER & Co.

At the corner of KING and QUEEN Streets, nearly fronting the Court-house door, and directly opposite Matthias Slough, Esq; where most of the Drugs and Chymical preparations now in use may be had, on the most reasonable terms.

The Drugs, &c. are just imported via Philadelphia, and the public may be assured they are fresh, of the first quality, and that an assortment will be kept up by fresh importations every Spring and Fall.

Among the Drugs and Preparations are the following;

ÆRUGO Æris,
Æther,
Æthiops Min.
Ambragrises,
Antimon. Cr.
Diaphor.
Argent. Viv.
Balsam Capivi.
Peru.
Tolut.
Commendat.
Bezoar Mineral,
Borax,
Calomel,
Camphor,
Cantharides, Cinnabar,
Confect. Alkermes,
Hyacinth,
Cortex Peruv.
Crocus Anglic.
Flor. Sulp.
Gum Arabic,
Ammon,
Assafœtida,
Myrrh,
Opium,
Kermes Mineral,
Manna,
Ol. Olivar.
Rad. Jalap,
Rhabarbarum,
Refin Jalap,
Sal. Glauber,
Nitre,
Seignette,
Tartar Emetic,
Vitr. Cæruleum,
Anniseed,
Coriander Seed, &c. &c.

They have also a Quantity of Paints and Painters Colours, viz.

White Lead,
Ditto ground in Oil,
Yellow Ocre,
Spanish Brown,
Prussian Blue,
Verdigrease,
Vermillion, &c. &c.

BOOKS and STATIONARY,

Just imported, and now opening for SALE,

At *WILLIAM PRICHARD*'s

CIRCULATING LIBRARY and BOOK-STORE,

Opposite Lætitia-Court, Market-street,

MR. BURKE's Annual Register for 1781;
Westminster Magazine for 82;
Town and Country for 82;
History of the late War with Cuts, 2 Vols.
Lord North's Administration;
Gibbon on the decline and fall of the Roman Empire, 6 Vols.
Young's Tour through Ireland, 2 Vols.
Moore's late Travels, 5 Vols.
Cook's last Voyage in 76, 77, 78, 79 and 80, 2 Vols.
Guthrie's Geographical Grammar, a new Edition, &c.
Beauties of Johnson, Shakespear, Bollingbrooke, Hume, Pope, Swift, Fielding, Watts, Sterne, Goldsmith, &c.
With a very considerable Assortment of the newest Novels, Plays, Songs, and Books of Entertainment.
Evelina, a new and beautiful Novel, 3 Vols.
Cecilia, by the same Author as above, 3 Vols.
Julia de Roubigne, a Sentimental Novel, 2 Vols.
History of the Manstain Family, a new Novel, 2 Vols.
Siberian Anecdotes, 3 Vols.
Hackney Coach, a new Novel.

CLASSICS, and all Kinds of SCHOOL-BOOKS.

Latin Grammars, by Whittenhall and others;
London Vocabulary, &c. &c.
Ainsworth's Dictionary abridged;
Cole's and Johnston's Latin and English Dictionary;
Boyer's, Ditto;------his Grammar, &c. &c.
Entick's Pocket Dictionary;
Nugent's French and English Ditto;
Æsop's Fables, by Croxall;
Moore's Gentlemen and Ladies Monitor;
Dilworth's Book-keeping;------his Assistant, &c.
Bibles, Prayer-Books, Testaments, Spelling-Books, Primers, Chap-Books, &c. &c.

STATIONARY.

Writing-Paper of the best Quality;
Roll Pasteboard, by the large and small Quantity;
Imported Blank-Books of all sizes;
Quills, Sealing-Wax, Ink-Powder and Ink-Cake;
Canes of various Kinds; Pictures and Maps;
Simson's best and second Violins; Poter's German Flutes;
New invented Sliding Rules, &c.
Hard and japanned Ware; Jewellery, &c. &c.

Darby, July 26, 1783.

TO BE SOLD,

SEVERAL shares of the island, known by the name of HOG-ISLAND, situate in the river Delaware, near Fort Mifflin. Those willing to purchase all or any of them, may know the terms by applying to ANDREW BOON, senior, or ANDREW BOON, junior. Those who now hold shares under the same title, by applying in time, may have the refusal. The chief part of the island is now under good pass. †

Exeter township, July 21, 1783.

NOTICE is hereby given, That all persons who are indebted unto the estate of ISAAC LEVAN, sen. late of Exeter township, in the county of Berks, deceased, either by bonds, bills, notes or book-debts, shall make payment to the subscriber before the 23d day of September next; and all those that have any demands against the said estate, to bring in their accounts, properly attested, by said time, in order that settlement may be made of said estate. § ABRAHAM LEVAN, Administrat.

To the PUBLISHER *of the* SALEM GAZETTE.

SIR,

WHEN queſtions are agitated, by the people, which concern the *public faith*, it is prudent for us to inquire what the guardians of that faith have done from time to time, and to compare their actions with their profeſſions, before we load them with cenſure. Such queſtions have been for ſome time paſt, and are now almoſt univerſally diſcuſſed. CONGRESS, too---that Congreſs, whoſe councils and conduct have ſhook the throne of Britain---that Congreſs, which have given us peace and independence, hath often debated them, and at different periods publiſhed the reſult. Theſe publications, ſolemnly addreſſed to the citizens of the United States, in circular letters under the hand of the Preſident, it is to be preſumed, will furniſh us with their real, well-digeſted ſentiments. For the information of the people, of whom I am one; for the honor and intereſt of our country; for the ſake of thoſe brave men and firm patriots, who have ſhed their blood and expended their eſtates in her cauſe, let us attend to ſome of theſe publications, that we may form a fair deciſion upon the conduct of thoſe who have the management of our national affairs---that we may know upon what grounds and aſſurances we have been induced to place *confidence* in our country; and whether theſe grounds and aſſurances could be deliberately and wickedly conſtructed, to deceive her beſt and firmeſt FRIENDS, and to enſnare the UNWARY.

In September, 1779, when difficulties preſſed hard upon us, Congreſs *unanimouſly* addreſſed us in this ſtrong language---"Provide for continuing your armies in the field till victory and peace ſhall lead them home, and avoid the reproach of permitting the currency to depreciate in your hands, when, by yielding a part to taxes and *loans*, the whole might have been appreciated and preſerved. Humanity, as well as juſtice, makes this demand upon you; the complaints of ruined widows, and the cries of fatherleſs children, whoſe whole ſupport has been placed in your hands, and melted away, have doubtleſs reached you---TAKE CARE THAT THEY ASCEND NO HIGHER. Determine to finiſh the conteſt as you began it, *honeſtly* and glorioufly. Let it never be ſaid, that America had no ſooner become independent, than ſhe become inſolvent; or that her infant glories and growing fame were obſcured and tarniſhed by *broken contracts*, and *violated faith*."

To ſilence the open and ſecret enemies of our cauſe, and to induce the patriot to continue his exertions, they remind him of the cauſe of the war, and ſolicit *loans*. Having ſtated the public debt, and demonſtrated, by a variety of invincible arguments, the *ability* of the States to pay it, they proceed to inquire, whether as much can be ſaid for their inclination. Under this head they ſolemnly declare and prove, firſt, that the faith of the United States has been pledged for their debt: ſecondly, that they have put themſelves in a *political* capacity to diſcharge it: and, thirdly, they inquire, "whether, admitting the two former propoſitions, there is any reaſon to apprehend a wanton violation of the public faith."

"We ſhould pay an ill compliment to the underſtanding and honour of every true American, were we to adduce many arguments to ſhow the *baſeneſs* or *bad policy* of violating our national faith, or omitting to purſue the meaſures neceſſary to preſerve it. A bankrupt, faithleſs republic would be a novelty in the political world, and appear among reputable nations like a common proſtitute among chaſte and reſpectable matrons. They muſt, therefore, entertain a high opinion of American credulity, who ſuppoſe the people capable of believing, on due reflection, that all America will, againſt the faith, the honour, and the intereſt of all America, be ever prevailed upon to countenance, ſupport or permit ſo ruinous, ſo diſgraceful a meaſure. We are convinced that the efforts and arts of our *enemies* will not be wanting to draw us into this humiliating and contemptible ſituation---to force or ſeduce us to commit this unpardonable ſin, in order to ſubject us to the puniſhment due to it, and that we may thenceforth be a reproach and a by-word among the nations. Appriſed of theſe conſequences, knowing the value of national character, and impreſſed with a due ſenſe of the immutable laws of *juſtice* and *honour*, it is impoſſible that America ſhould think, without horror, of ſuch an *execrable* deed."

"The payment of the public debts, and the ſettlement of the accounts of the ſeveral States, for expenditures or ſervices for the common benefit, and in the common cauſe, are among the objects of the CONFEDERATION; and conſequently, while all or any of its objects remain unattained, it cannot, ſo far as it may reſpect ſuch objects, be diſſolved, conſiſtent with the laws of God or man."

To theſe extracts I add, that the General Court of Maſſachuſetts, on the 2d of October, 1779, reſolved, that this addreſs ſhould be printed in pamphlets, and ſent to the miniſters of the goſpel, with a requeſt, that they ſhould read it to their religious aſſemblies, immediately after divine ſervice.

I ſhall conclude this paper with obſerving, that Congreſs, at that time, poſſeſſed the entire confidence of the people, and were ſtrongly ſupported by them; the States adopted their meaſures; and this Commonwealth, as well to give weight to the addreſs, as to demonſtrate to the world that they made it an act of their own, requeſted the "miniſters of the goſpel" to impreſs it on the minds of their hearers, in the preſence of Heaven, on the day ſet apart for the exerciſes of religion, when the ſoul is diſpoſed, by the moſt ſolemn acts of devotion, to acknowledge and embrace the truth, "to do juſtice, and relieve the oppreſſed." The event was, that great exertions were made to fill up the army, and ſupply the continental treaſury, as well by individuals as the ſtate. Shall it then with juſtice be ſaid, that this was a ſnare for the unwary?---that this addreſs was deliberately and wickedly conſtructed, to deceive and defraud our friends?---to perſuade the honeſt, unſuſpicious citizen to loan his property, in order to ſecure a land of liberty, for the reſidence of ſtrangers, and perhaps of his enemies, without returning him even the intereſt? Shall we conſign his family to miſery and want, becauſe impolitic meaſures, lukewarm, treacherous friends, and ſordid miſers have united their force, to ruin the public credit, by depreciating the public ſecurities? Shall we, or did we, invoke the ſmiles of Heaven upon ſo execrable a deed? Forbid it, gratitude! Forbid it, juſtice!

I ſhall, as I have leiſure, ſend you ſuch extracts from public acts, as well of Congreſs as of this Commonwealth, as may be neceſſary to bring to our recollection, and to ſhow, that Congreſs, as a body, have conducted with unimpeachable integrity and honour in all matters concerning the public faith;---that if they have not ſupported it, the blame, if any exiſts, out to be laid at other doors; and that they have been, from the beginning, convinced, (to uſe the words of the late *inſtructions* given by the freemen of Philadelphia) "of the juſtice, policy and expediency of laying a permanent foundation for the eſtabliſhment of public credit, and for doing ample juſtice to thoſe early, determined, and perſevering whigs, who willingly riſked their lives, lent their money, and contributed their labours for the defence of their country, by projecting and giving validity to ſuch meaſures, as are calculated to give the public creditors, whether citizens or ſoldiers, the fulleſt aſſurance of the punctual payment of the intereſt, and final diſcharge of the public debt."

Beverly, July 3, 1783. PUBLICOLA.

CHATHAM, *July* 23.

Monday, his Britannic Majeſty's ſhip the Mercury, Captain Stanhope, arrived at New-York from England. It is reported ſhe has brought a treaty of commerce with this country; as alſo the long expected DEFINITIVE TREATY, which was ſigned the 24th of May.

PHILADELPHIA, *July* 30.

Wedneſday laſt the brig Olive Branch, Capt. Cole, arrived here in 56 days from Teneriffe.---On his paſſage, the 12th ult. in lat. 24: 9, long. 34: 30, he ſpoke the Fox Packet, Captain Cort, from Bombay bound to London, with diſpatches for the Court, who informed him, that there had been two ſevere actions in the Eaſt Indies, between Admiral Hughes and Monſieur Suffrein, in which both fleets had been greatly injured, but no ſhips loſt on either ſide; that the French were in Trincomale Bay, and the Engliſh proceeded to Bombay, in expectation of being joined by Sir Richard Bickerton; that ſeven of the Engliſh Eaſt-India Company's coaſting ſhips had been captured, and eleven more blocked up in ſome port (probably Trincomale, which afterwards ſurrendered to the French) and that the packet had been four Months from India, and 29 days from St. Helena, which was reckoned a remarkable fine paſſage.

Later advices from India mention, that Admiral Hughes, not having met with Sir R. Bickerton when the monſoons came on and diſperſed the fleet, ſuſtained very conſiderable damages, in addition to thoſe received in the laſt rencontre.

It was exceedingly fortunate that Sir R. Bickerton had not joined Admiral Hughes previous to the laſt action, otherwiſe there would have been a decided ſuperiority over the French.

Laſt week ſeveral perſons in and about the city died by the exceſſive heat of the weather. Others loſt their lives by imprudently drinking cold water when they were very much heated.---The Coroner's regiſter contains the names of 30 perſons who have died ſuddenly within a few days paſt. The Mercury in Mr. Rittenhouſe's thermometer was, on Thurſday, as high as 94 degrees and an half, which is two degrees hotter than has been experienced in Philadelphia ſince the year 1769.

State of the Mercury in the ingenious Mr. Rittenhouſe's Thermometer: July 22, ninety-one degrees; July 23, ninety-four degrees; July 24, ninety-four degrees and a half; July 25, ninety-one degrees and a half; at three o'clock, P. M. each day.

Thurſday evening a detachment of the Pennſylvania line, commanded by Lieutenant Colonel Harmar, arrived here by water from Charleſtown, South-Carolina.---We are informed that the remainder of the Pennſylvania troops (about five companies) were to have embarked at Charleſtown a few days after the above, and may be daily expected.

From RIVINGTON'S ROYAL GAZETTE, *dated July* 26.

DEFINITIVE TREATY.

We are informed by accounts from France, ſaid to be of very good authority, that the Definitive Treaty was ſigned by the Miniſters of the ſeveral intereſted Powers, on the 27th day of May.

We are informed that his Excellency General Waſhington, is lately with his ſuite, gone to the northward, to meet his Excellency General Haldimand, Governor of Canada, and concert the neceſſary arrangement conſequent to the Articles of Peace concluded between Great-Britain and America; and orders have been diſpatched from Quebec, for the removal of the German troops, which were on duty at the poſts in the Indian country, in order to their embarkation for Europe.

Yeſterday ſailed for England, his Majeſty's ſhip Perſeverance, Captain Skeffington Lutwidge, having on board a number of German troops. Major Hewitt, of the 43d regiment, went paſſenger in this frigate.

NAVAL-OFFICE, PHILADELPHIA.

INWARDS. Ship Ferdinando a Victora, C. Nielſon from St. Thomas. Schooner Sally, D. Shepherd, Maryland. Ship Fortune, B. Wicks, Havanna. Brig Tartar, W. Gibbons; Brig Thetis, J. Vinnable, and Schooner Richard, J. Olden, Virginia. Brig Two Friends, J. Stephenſon, London and Madeira. Brig N. S. de Cabo, Franciſco de Paula; and Snow St. John Baptiſta, F. X. de Oliveira, Liſbon. Brig St. Antonio, A. Dumont, Boſton. Brig Friendſhip, A. Duncan, Liverpool. Schooner Olive Branch, J. Yates, North Carolina. Luggar Flying Fiſh, W. Phillips, Cadiz. Sloop Polly, S. Tynes, Rhode-Iſland. Brig Hananel, J. Hays, Teneriffe. Ship Queen of England, J. Campbell, Montego Bay. Sloop Charming Polly, J. Elwood; and Sloop Sally, E. Lundy, New-York.

OUTWARDS. Brig Favorite, J. Stanton, Jamaica. Schooner Sally, D. Shepherd; Sloop Louiſa, W. Wiſon; Schooner Polly, W. R. Mullen, Boſton. Brig Hope, J. M'Keever, Madeira. Sloop Sally, G. Cliffton; Sloop Betſey, W. Watſon; Ship Fortune, B. Weeks; Schooner Hawke, J. Wilſon, New-York. Ship Recovery, P. Anderſon, L'Orient. Brig Neptune, J. Rich, Virginia. Schooner Jolly Bacchus, R. Mitchell; Schooner Peggy, O. Hall, North Carolina. Sloop Fortuna, G. Hayne, Copenhagen. Brig Charles-Town Packet, W. Allibone, Charles-Town, S. Carolina. Ship Fame, M. Lallor, St. Johns, Newfoundland.

CLEARED. Brig Love-Knot, A. Paris, St. Peter's Miquelon. Ship Betſey, J. Pindar; Sloop Diſpatch, J. Smith; Sloop Black Duck, J. Morgan; Sloop Sally, G. Cliffton; Sloop Grampus, T. Selew; Sloop Rebecca, N. Palmer; Schooner Hawk, J. Wilſon; Sloop Charming Polly, J. Ellwood; Sloop Betſey, W. Watſon, New-York. Brig Rambler, J. Clark, Salem. Schooner Sally, D. Shepherd, Boſton. Sloop Cato, L. Savage; Sloop Induſtry, D. Peoples; Brig Richmond, S. Lockton, Virginia. Sloop Suſanna, D. Gladding, Rhode-Iſland. Snow King David, J. Regados, Liſbon. Brig Suſanna, H. Stocker; Schooner Gerard, M. Strong, Charles-Town. Ship Favorite, N. Vallance, Cork and L'Orient. Brig Priſcilla, E. Fettyplace, Cadiz. Ship True-Love, W. Henderſon, London.

To the FREEMEN, ELECTORS for the County and City of PHILADELPHIA,

GENTLEMEN,

YOUR friendſhip I experienced laſt general election, in placing me ſo near on the return for the Sheriff's Office, although my application came before you at a late hour, which merits my warmeſt thanks. As I purpoſe ſtanding a candidate for that office at the next election, your votes and intereſts in my behalf will ever be acknowledged with ſentiments of the higheſt eſteem and reſpect, and the ſtricteſt attention paid to the duties of that office, if I ſhould be ſo happy as to merit your concurrence. Your obedient humble ſervant,

July 28. JAMES LOUGHEAD.

JOHN PATTON,

HAS FOR SALE,

At his STORE, in Water-ſtreet, a few Doors above Walnut-ſtreet,

Old Madeira, Teneriffe & Port Wines,

Which he will diſpoſe of on the moſt reaſonable Terms.

HE propoſes following the WINE BUSINESS, and intends always to have a Supply of the beſt Kinds. Thoſe who may chooſe to apply to him, may depend upon being furniſhed with the beſt Quality, and at the cheapeſt Rate.

Philadelphia, July 25, 1783.

A STONE-CUTTER from LONDON

begs Leave to acquaint the PUBLIC,

THAT he has opened a SHOP in Third-ſtreet, between Spruce and Union-ſtreets, where he purpoſes to carry on the Buſineſs of a Stone-Cutter in all its various Branches.

Monuments, Tombs, Head-Stones, Chimney-Pieces, Steps and Plat-Forms, may be had on the ſhorteſt Notice.

Country Orders duly attended to, by the Public's humble Servant, WILLIAM STILES.

Philadelphia, July 30. §

IMPORTED

In the Snow Senhora de Aſſumpcao, Captain Franciſco Xavier de Oliveira, from Liſbon and Terceira, and to be SOLD by

JOYCE BROTHERS,

At their STORE in Water-ſtreet, near Pine-ſtreet, viz.

Sweet and Sour Oranges,
Lemons,
Liſbon and Terceira Wines in Pipes,
Window Glaſs,
Glaſs Bottles.
Caſtile Soap,
Playing Cards,
Salt,

With a ſmall aſſortment of Muſlins and Gauzes.

They have ſtill on hands, a few Pipes of their old LISBON WINE, as well as HYSON TEA in Quarter Cheſts, Canniſters, and OLIVES in JARRS. †

Philadelphia, July 22, 1783.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be expoſed to public SALE, at the COFFEE-HOUSE, on THURSDAY the 31ſt inſt. at 12 o'clock at noon, a two ſtory brick Meſſuage, Kitchen and Lot of Land, ſituate on the weſt ſide of Front-ſtreet, in the diſtrict of Southwark, (nearly oppoſite the Sweeds church) containing in breadth on Front-ſtreet aforeſaid 18 feet, and in length 100 feet, bounded eaſtward by Front-ſtreet, and weſt and ſouthward by ground of Matthew Johns; ſubject to a ground rent of 2l. 15s. per annum; taken in execution as late the eſtate of William Garwood, deceaſed, by WILLIAM WILL, Sheriff.

BY virtue a writ of Levari Facias to me directed, will be expoſed to public SALE, at the premiſes, on FRIDAY the 1ſt of Auguſt next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, a certain ---------, and piece of LAND, ſituate in Abington townſhip, Philadelphia county, containing 12 acres and 6 perches, bounded by lands of Iſaac Tyſon, George Rerters and Matthew Tyſon; late the property of Joſeph Fiſher, and to be ſold, by

Philad. July 22, 1783. WILLIAM WILL, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ of Levari Facias to me directed, will be expoſed to public SALE, at the premiſes, on SATURDAY the 2d of Auguſt next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, a certain MESSUAGE and PLANTATION, ſituate in the Manor of Moreland, containing by computation 27 acres, bounded by lands of Sarah Jeanes, Silas Yerkes and by a recorded road leading to ſaid Yerkes's mill; late the eſtate of Patrick Lockhart, deceaſed,

Philad. July 22, 1783. WILLIAM WILL, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be expoſed to public SALE, at Pottſgrove, in Douglaſs townſhip, on MONDAY the 4th of Auguſt next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, a certain log HOUSE and four lots of LAND, lying contiguous to each other, containing about one acre and an half, ſituate in the village of Pottſgrove aforeſaid; the whole ſubject to a ground rent of *Three Pounds* per annum; taken in execution, as late the property of Harman Shaffer, by

Philad. July 22, 1783. WILLIAM WILL, Sheriff.

FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

STRAYED away from the premiſes of JOHN M'CULLOUGH, in Cheſter county, on the night of the 8th inſtant, a dark brown or rather black HORSE, about 14½ hands high, 7 or 8 years old next ſpring, has neither brand nor ear mark, his hind legs white almoſt to the knees, has a light ſprig tail, is a natural trotter, canters tolerable well, draws well in gears. Whoever has taken up ſaid horſe, and will bring him to the ſubſcriber in Saliſbury townſhip, Lancaſter county, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges paid, paid by

July 21, 1783. † DANIEL BUCKLEY.

Weſt-Fallowfield townſhip, Cheſter county, July 21, 1783.

FORTY DOLLARS Reward.

WAS STOLEN out of the paſture of the ſubſcriber, on the night of the 18th inſt. a bright bay MARE, four years old, 14 hands high, trots and canters, ſquare and broad behind, carries her head high, and is remarkable high between the eyes, with a wratch about three inches long; ſhe is ſuppoſed to be ſtolen by a band of robbers which has been in the neighbourhood for ſome time paſt, and it is thought they will ſoon go towards Carolina. Whoever takes up ſaid mare and thieves, ſhall have the above reward, or *Six Dollars* for the mare, and reaſonable charges, paid by † ARTHUR PARK.

TEN DOLLARS Reward.

WAS STOLEN out of the paſture of the ſubſcriber, at the Croſs-Roads, Bucks county, Pennſylvania, on the night of the 25th inſtant July, A bay HORSE, 10 or 11 years old, betwixt 14 and 15 hands high, with a bald face, ſmall head and ears, round bodied, lately ſhod before with old ſhoes, one hind foot white, has been nicked in the tail, when mounted carries loſty, and appears bold when firſt moved off, is inclinable to pace, but trots and canters gentle. Any perſon taking up the thief or thieves, and ſecures him or them, ſo that they may be brought to juſtice, and the horſe had again, ſhall have the above reward, or FOUR DOLLARS for the horſe only, and reaſonable charges, paid by ¶ JOHN HORNER.

STOLEN from the ſubſcriber, on the 15th inſtant, at night, near Deer creek, Harford county, the following articles, viz. Two pair of ſhoes, two pieces of linen containing ſix yards, five pair of trowſers, two ſhirts, one pair of thread ſtockings, one pair of yarn ditto, one felt hat, a green cloth coat, a ſpotted ſerge jacket and breeches, alſo a white cloth coat, one pair of ſpotted calicoe breeches; and it is ſuſpected to be that noted horſe thief, *John Shields*, a native Iriſhman, about 5 feet 6 inches high, 22 years of age, who abſconded theſe parts in company with one Bernard Cary, a native Iriſhman, about 5 feet 5 inches high. Whoever ſecures the ſaid Clothes, ſo that the owner may get them again, ſhall receive SIX DOLLARS, and if the thief be likewiſe apprehended, SIX more, paid by us

SAMUEL FORWOOD, JOHN FORWOOD,
July 18. § JAMES RICHARDSON, WILLIAM HUGHES.

Chicheſter, Cheſter county, July 29, 1783.

THREE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcribers, on the 27th of this inſt. two apprentice Boys, one named EVAN REES, about 18 years of age, tall and ſlender, this country born, marked with the ſmall-pox; had on and took with him, a new caſtor hat, a home-made coat lined with ſtriped linſey, a ſtriped linſey jacket, nankeen ditto without ſleeves, linen ſhirt and trowſers, a new pair of buckſkin breeches, and new ſhoes. The other named CURTIS WADE, about 17 years of age, ſhort and thick; had on and took with him, a linen ſhirt and trowſers, a pair of calfſkin ſhoes part worn, red jacket, his other cloaths not known. Whoever takes them up and ſecures them, ſo that the owners may have them again, ſhall have the above reward, or FOUR DOLLARS for each, paid by BENJAMIN REYNOLDS and ROBERT MAPLET.

N. B. All maſters of veſſels and others are forbid to carry them off, as they will be proſecuted according to law. ¶

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, in North-Wales townſhip, Philadelphia county, and broke into his paſture, a young bay MARE, ſuppoſed to be three years old, a natural trotter, neither brand nor ear-mark. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take her away, or ſhe will be ſold for the coſt.

July 28. ¶ JOHN THOMSON.

Reſolved, That Thomas and Lawrence Kuhn and Thomas Young, have notice to meet at the State-houſe, July 28, 1783. The Committee for the City and Liberties of Philadelphia to have this Stated by Thurſday morning, 10 o'clock.

PURSUANT to the Acts of General Assembly of the State of Pennsylvania, requiring the Commissioners of the respective Counties to put to Sale (after due Notice given, by Way of Advertisement, in the Townships and County where such Lands lie, and in the Public News-papers for Three Months) all such Tracts of Land and real Estates where the Owners have neglected to discharge the Taxes on the same.

Therefore, We, the Subscribers, Commissioners for the County of York, in Pursuance of the said Acts, do give this public NOTICE to all Owners of such Lands, or other real Estates, that if they, or some Person or Persons in their Behalf, do not appear and discharge the Taxes hereafter mentioned, with all the Costs and Charges, within Three Months from the Date hereof, they will be sold, or such Part as will be sufficient to pay the several Taxes and Costs, agreeable to Law.

WILLIAM ADAMS,
JACOB SMYSER,
WILLIAM COCHRAN, } Commissioners.

YORK-TOWN, MAY 1, 1783.

1762. *For Hellam Township.*

	£		
James Anderson	1	0	3

1763. *Menallan.*

Cookson's Land	1	2	6
Henry Creighton		1	6
David M'Lure		15	
Samuel Randals		1	6
Whitehead's Land		1	6

Hellam.

James Anderson	1	2	6
Alexander Lowrey		10	6

1764. *Newbury.*

William Plumstead		7	6
James Smith		7	6
Ditto		7	6
Ditto		7	6
Estate of William Paxmore	1	2	6
John Meyer		15	
John Lemon		3	9
Richard Peters, Esq;		15	
Ditto		15	
Ditto		7	6
Ditto	1	9	8
Ditto	1	2	6
Matthew Patterson		7	6
M'Cracken		7	6

Manahan.

William Blonk		3	
Thomas Kiton		2	3
Richard Peters	3	12	
Nicholas Rilon		7	6
Isaac Richardson		3	9
Robert Roseberry		9	

1765. *Reading.*

James Moore		15	
Peter Leighty		12	6
Thomas Grey		1	6

Manchester.

Logan's land	2	5	
John Calhoon	1	4	
John Graff		15	
George Ross		15	
Adam Shank		12	9
Martin Shipe		15	

Warrington.

Peter Shugart		3	
Christopher Miller		3	
William Belden		7	6
Samuel England		7	6
Jacob Bales		7	6
Joseph Cook		7	6

Huntington.

Col. George Armstrong		18	
Robert or David Currey		15	

1765. *Manahan.*

	£		
Richard Peters	5	0	0
Nicholas Ryland		7	9

Newbury.

Richard Peters		15	
Ditto		18	9
Ditto		7	6
Ditto		15	
Ditto		15	
James Smith, Esq;		15	
Estate of Wm. Paxmore	1	2	6
James Ewing		1	10½
Matthew Patterson		11	3
Jones Chamberland		11	3
James M'Cracken		13	1½
William Updegrave		2	3
Christian Overhulls		3	

Chanceford.

Abraham Burkholder	1	2	6

Menallan.

------ Gaut		4	6
David M'Clure		12	
Thomas Cookson	1	2	6

1766. *Reading.*

Peter Lichty		15	

Manahan.

Richard Peters	9		
James Bettey		13	
James Craford		3	9
Samuel Betten		7	6

Manchester.

Martin Shipe		15	
Mary Loller		7	6

Newbury.

Estate of Wm. Paxmore.	1	2	6
Richard Peters		15	
Ditto		7	6
Ditto		18	9
Ditto		15	
Ditto		6	9
Ditto		7	6
Albright Groves' estate		11	3
Chrisley Reeps' estate		3	9

Paradise.

Richard Peters	1	10	

Menallan.

David M'Clure		12	
Thomas Cookson	1	2	6

Tyrone.

Jacob Vagdes		4	6

Chanceford.

Abraham Burkholder		18	

Berwick.

Richard Peters	4	10	

1767. *Berwick.*

	£		
Richard Peters	1	17	6

Shrewsbury.

James Allen		15	

Warrington.

Joseph Steer		15	
Sam. Edmondstone's estate		5	3

Reading.

John M'Coy		15	

Menallan.

David M'Clure		10	6
------ Hammel's		1	6

Tyrone.

Jacob Vagdes		3	9

Newbury.

Richard Peters		6	3
Ditto		11	3
Ditto		15	
Ditto	1	2	6
Ditto		15	
Ditto		7	6
Wm. Paxmore's land	1	2	6
Jonas Chamberlain		7	6
Jacob Horse		3	3

1768. *Warrington.*

Samuel England		7	6

Berwick.

Richard Peters	4	10	

Chanceford.

Abraham Burkholder	1	2	6

Manahan.

Richard Peters	7	17	6

Newbury.

Richard Peters		6	4½
Ditto		11	3
Ditto		15	
Ditto	1	2	6
Ditto		15	
Ditto		7	6
Estate of Wm. Paxmore	1	2	6

Paradise.

Richard Peters	2	12	6

Hopewell.

Israel Morris		7	6

1769. *Warrington.*

Jonathan Lidal		7	6

Hopewell.

Israel Morris		7	6

Fawn.

Israel Morris	1	6	3

Berwick.

Richard Peters	2	12	6

Chanceford.

Abraham Burkholder	1	2	6

1770. *Hamilton's Bann.*

	£		
George Ashbridge	0	7	6

Fawn.

Israel Morris	3		

Manahan.

Richard Peters	4	2	6
Nicholas Reylies		7	6
Samuel Peden		7	6

Shrewsbury.

Isabel Waddel		15	

Hopewell.

Israel Morris		10	6
Philip Tanner		7	6

Berwick.

Richard Peters	2	7	6

Newbury.

George Ashbridge		11	3
John Clemson		7	6
Robert and Ellis Lewis	1	2	6
Jonas Chamberlain		7	6
Richard Peters		11	3
Ditto		7	6
Ditto	2	5	

1771. *Berwick.*

Richard Peters	2	8	9

Fawn.

Israel Morris	2	8	9

Hopewell.

Israel Morris		9	
Philip Tanner		7	6

Chanceford.

Abraham Burkholder		15	

Warrington.

Jonathan Litel		7	6

Codorus.

William Peters		7	6

Manahan.

Richard Peters	3		
Nicholas Reyley		15	

Warrington.

Thomas Cullan		7	6
Joseph Steer		7	6

Hopewell.

Israel Morris		7	6

Newbury.

Richard Peters		12	3
Ditto		3	9
George Ashbridge		11	3
John Clemson		7	6
Robert Lewis	1	2	6
Doctor Plunket		18	9
Pugh and Moore		11	3
George Fry		11	3

1773. *Berwick.*

Richard Peters	1	13	9

Manahan.

Richard Peters	3	15	

Codorus.

William Peters		8	3

Newbury.

Marcus Hulin		7	6
Robert Lewis	1	2	6
William Plunket, Esq;		15	
John Clemson		7	6
George Fry		11	3

Fawn.

Israel Morris	1	10	

Hopewell.

Israel Morris		7	6

Warrington.

Joseph Steer		7	6
James Picken		7	6

1774. *Berwick.*

Richard Peters	1	13	9

Manahan.

Richard Peters	1	13	9

Fawn.

Israel Morris		16	6

Hopewell.

Israel Morris		7	6
Thomas Pin		7	6

Chanceford.

Abraham Burkholder		11	3

FAWN.				
Hannah Brodley	45 million tax	£	4 13	5
	County tax		1 7	6
	3d 4 months tax		28 2	6
	County tax		2 17	6
HOPEWELL.				
Fugit's land	3d 4 months tax		43 2	6
CHANCEFORD.				
Joseph Brown	2d 4 months tax		22 17	
Joseph Kirkeart	3d 4 months tax		8 15	
Walter Robinson	3d State tax		9 2	6
	County tax		1 15	
	1st monthly tax		18 5	
	2d ditto		18 5	
READING.				
Peter Fahnengstock	15 million tax		3 2	6
	45 million tax		2 7	11
	County tax		3	9
	3d monthly tax		10	
	County tax		1	
YORK-TOWN.				
Henry Keppele, jun.	15 million tax		14 10	
FAWN.				
Eleazer Brown, 300 acres	15 million tax		50	
Jeremiah Barnets	15 ditto		10 13	4
Jacob Giles	15 ditto		41 13	4
	45 ditto		42 15	
	2d 4 months do.		85 10	
CHANCEFORD.				
Jacob Giles	15 million tax		11 5	
	45 ditto		42 15	
	1st monthly do.		18 15	
	2d ditto		18 5	
FAWN.				
Levin Hopkins, 400 acres	15 million tax		53 3	4
Israel Morris, 370 do.	15 ditto		75	
Ditto	2d monthly do.		90	
HOPEWELL.				
Ismel Morris	15 million tax		84 3	9
	3d state do.		12 10	
	County do.		1 15	
	2d monthly do.		25	
FAWN.				
Israel Morris	45 million tax		42 15	
	County do.		7 9	
HOPEWELL.				
Israel Morris	1st monthly tax		25	
	3d ditto		43 2	6
MANCHESTER.				
Jacob Guth, 200 acres	15 million tax		20	
MANAHAN.				
Andrew Peters	15 million tax		9 7	6
	1st 4 months do.		40	
	2d ditto		40	

WARRINGTON.				
William Fell, 200 acres	15 million tax	£	29 3	4
Mary Holland, 80 acres	15 million tax		3	
HOPEWELL.				
John Lewden	15 million tax		21 5	
	1st 4 months do.		25	
	2d ditto		25	
	3d ditto		45	
MANAHAN.				
John Boyle	15 million tax		3 15	
CHANCEFORD.				
Conrad Lookup	15 million tax		7 10	
	1st 4 months do.		13 13	8
	3d ditto		9 7	6
HOPEWELL.				
William Matthews	15 million tax		7 1	8
NEWBURY.				
Robert Lewis	5 million tax		22	
	15 ditto		50	
	45 ditto		100	
	County do.		14	
	1st 4 months do.		200	
	2d ditto		200	
	6th class do.		2 10	
HOPEWELL.				
James Sweney or M'Swine	15 million tax		14	
	3d state do.		15	
	County do.		2 2	6
	3d 4 months do.		41 5	
CHANCEFORD.				
Abraham Newcomer	3d Continental tax		1 16	6
	2d 4 months do.		3 13	9
	3d ditto		7 10	
	County do.		15	
CHANCEFORD.				
Mr. Stoner	3d Continental tax		6 7	6
	County do.		15	
	1st 4 months do.		22 15	
	2d ditto		22 15	
HAMILTON's BANN.				
Peter Spyker	45 million tax		9	
	County do.		1 5	6
	1st 4 months do.		18	
	2d ditto		18	
	3d ditto		18	
	County do.		1 16	
HOPEWELL.				
William Miller	3d State tax		10	
	County do.		1 8	9
YORK TOWNSHIP.				
George Ross, Esq;	45 million tax		18	
	1st 4 months do.		36	
	2d ditto		36	

CODORUS.				
Joseph Donaldson	45 million tax	£	0 13	15
	County do.		1	18
	1st 4 months do.		27	10
	2d ditto		27	10
	3d ditto		85	
	County do.		3 1	9
CHANCEFORD.				
James Mihlhorn	2d 4 months tax		18	15
DOVER.				
Edmundson	2d 4 months tax		4 3	9
HOPEWELL.				
Moses Bennington, 100 acres	3d state tax		7	10
	County do.		1	
	1st 4 months do.		15	
	2d ditto		15	
	3d class do. hard money			16
Mr. Penn, or Penn's land, 100 acres	3d state tax		12	10
	County do.			14 6
	1st 4 months do.		25	
	2d ditto		25	
	3d ditto		45	
SHREWSBURY.				
John Lawson	45 million tax		1	8 4
HUNTINGTON.				
The heirs of Jesse Lukens	3d 4 months tax		67	10
	County do.		6	15
HEIDLEBERG.				
Mr. Diggs	2d 4 months tax		70	
CHANCEFORD.				
Richard Cords	2d 4 months tax		7	6
MENALLAN.				
Joseph Hubley	2d 4 months tax		50	
NEWBURY.				
Mark Huland	1st 4 months tax		20	
	2d ditto		20	
	A class tax in hard money			5 3
Lewis Lewis	1st 4 months tax		20	
	2d ditto		20	
	A class tax in hard money			5 3
MANHEIM.				
Abraham Trump	State supplies, 1780		3 19	8
	Additional tax		1 12	
	County tax			2 4
NEWBURY.				
Adam Weaver	A class tax in hard money			4
MENALLAN.				
Hans Morrison	3d 4 months tax		111 13	9
	County do.		11 3	9
HOPEWELL.				
John Cross M'Mahan	3d 4 months tax		26 5	
	3d 4 months do.		28 2	6

July 4, 1783.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, living at the New-Town Square, in Chester county, on the 25th of June last, A brown MARE, about 8 or 9 years of age, near 15 hands high, well set, supposed to be of the ball breed, having some white in her face, and some other remarkable white spots, without brand or ear-mark. The owner is requested to come, prove his property, pay the charges, and take her away.

JAMES ELLIOT.

Philadelphia, July 15, 1783.

WHEREAS WILLIAM WILL, Esquire, High Sheriff of the city and county of Philadelphia, hath advertised for Sale two Frame Houses and Lots of Ground, situate in Front-street, in the district of Southwark, nearly opposite to the Blue Bell, as the property of George Campbell: I, the subscriber, do hereby warn all and every person or persons from the purchase of the said estate, as the same belongs to me, as the bona fide purchaser thereof.

JOHN CONNOR.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons who are indebted to the estate of WILLIAM JENKINS, late of Abington, in the county of Philadelphia, deceased, forthwith to settle and discharge their several balances; and all those who have any demands against the estate, are requested to bring in their accounts, properly proved, that they may be settled and paid, by HANNAH JENKINS, Executrix, in Abington, or EDWARD WELLS, &) Executors, in Philadelphia.
§ 6 w. WILLIAM GRAY,)

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